

Fibre bundle framework for unitary quantum fault tolerance

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Joint work with Daniel Gottesman, arXiv:1309.7062

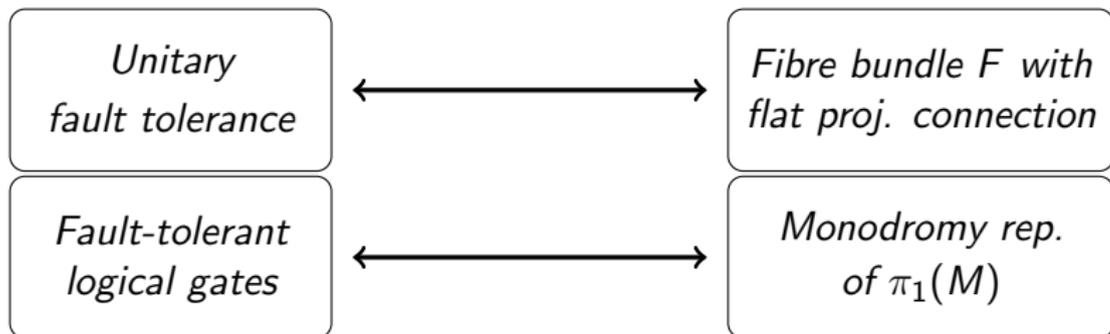
Motivations

- ▶ Fault tolerance \rightarrow robust computer (major obstacle):
 - ▶ Classical fault tolerance – e.g. repetition code
 - ▶ Quantum fault tolerance – e.g. transversal gates with ancilla constructions, topological fault tolerance
- ▶ We know of various protocols of fault tolerance, we want to understand them in some unified framework.
- ▶ Achieved:
 - ▶ Developed conjecture of a *global* and *geometric* picture of unitary quantum fault tolerance.
 - ▶ Proof of conjecture for transversal gates
 - ▶ Proof of conjecture for a family of topological codes, including the toric code
- ▶ Hope: new insights, new fault tolerant protocols ...

Main idea

Conjecture

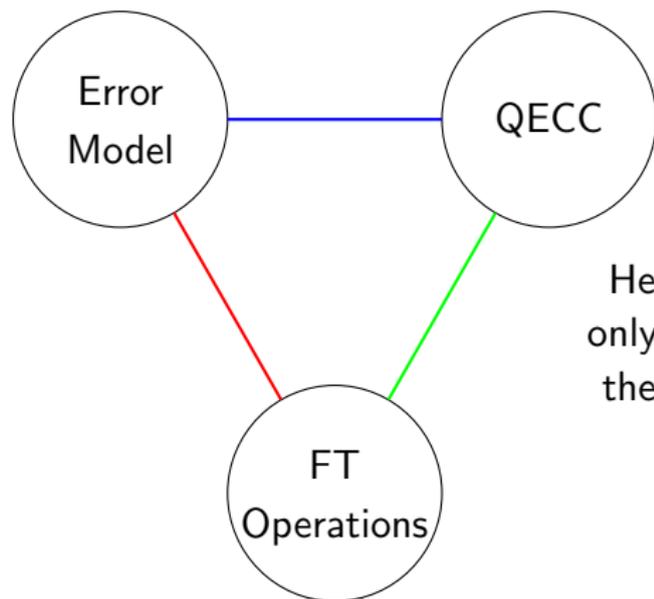
Correspondence for *appropriate fibre bundles* F , with base space M :



The conjecture (\rightarrow) is proven for the cases of: *focus of the talk*

- ▶ transversal gates and
- ▶ generalized string operators for a family of topological codes.

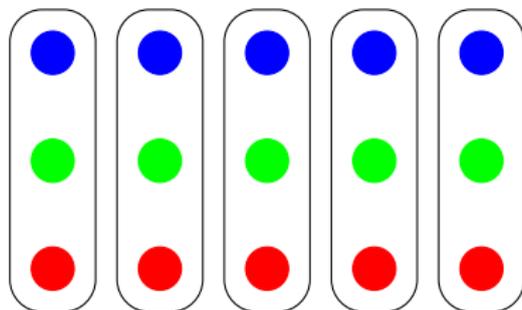
Ingredients of a fault-tolerant protocol



Here, we focus on only the QECCs and the FT operations.

Example 1: Transversal gates definition

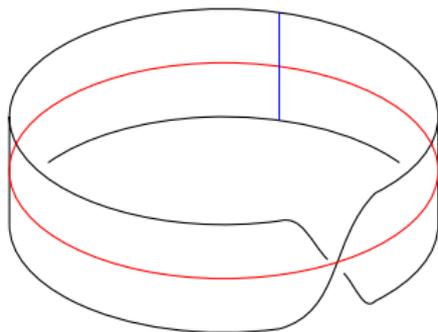
- ▶ Code blocks (of equal size): qudits represented by same colour
- ▶ Transversal gates: Interact the i^{th} qudit of each block



A transversal gate on multiple blocks of a QECC can be considered as a transversal gate on a single block of a QECC with larger physical qudits. We group together qudits in the same column to make the larger qudits.

Fibre bundle – The Möbius band

- ▶ Constituents: total space, base space, fibre, structure group
- ▶ An example:



A nontrivial fibre bundle over the base space S^1 (in red) with fiber \mathbb{R} (fiber at one point shown in blue). Structure group is \mathbb{Z}_2 in this case.

Base space: Codes as the Grassmannian manifold

Over the next couple of slides, we build up the “big vector bundle” for our picture, from mathematical objects natural for QEC. First,

- ▶ Base space is the Grassmannian (a set of codes):
 - ▶ An $((n, K))$ qudit code is a K -dimensional subspace in \mathbb{C}^N where $N = d^n$ (n -qudit Hilbert space).
 - ▶ $\text{Gr}(K, N) = \{\text{The set of } K\text{-dimensional subspaces in } \mathbb{C}^N\}$
 - ▶ Example: $\mathbb{C}P^1 = \text{Gr}(1, 2)$
 - ▶ Known as the *Grassmannian*.
 - ▶ Clearly, for $N = d^n$,

$$\text{Gr}(K, N) = \{\text{The set of } ((n, K)) \text{ qudit codes}\}.$$

Vector bundle: Codewords as the tautological vector bundle $\xi(K, N)$

- ▶ Total space is the tautological vector bundle (a set of codewords):
 - ▶ A codeword in an $((n, K))$ qudit code is a pair (C, w) where C is an $((n, K))$ qudit code and $w \in C$ is a vector.
 - ▶ $\xi(K, N)$ is a vector bundle with:
 - ▶ Base space is $\text{Gr}(K, N)$, consisting of subspaces W
 - ▶ Fibre over W is W itself, i.e. the elements are vectors $w \in W$
 - ▶ Known as the *tautological vector bundle*
 - ▶ Similarly, for $N = d^n$, we have the natural mathematical-QEC correspondence:

$$\xi(K, N) = \{\text{Codewords in some } ((n, K)) \text{ qudit code}\}. \quad (1)$$

Some correspondences between the theory of QECCs and that of fibre bundles

A summary:

Quantum information objects	Mathematical objects
Space of $((n, K))$ qudit codes	Grassmannian $\text{Gr}(K, N)$ where $N = d^n$
Space of the <i>codewords</i> (C, w)	tautological vector bundle $\xi(K, N)$
Space of the <i>encodings</i> or orthonormal K -frames β in \mathbb{C}^N	tautological principle $\mathcal{U}(K)$ -bundle $P(K, N)$

Dynamics in unitary fault tolerance (or unitary QM)

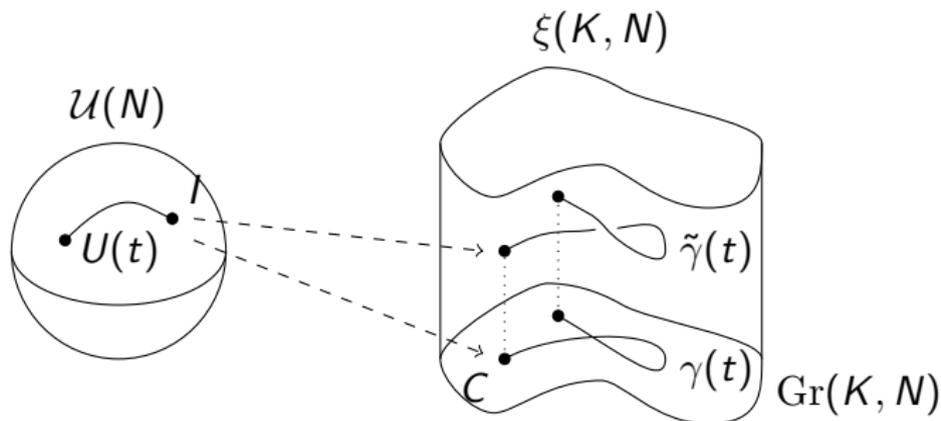
Definition

A *unitary evolution* is a one-parameter family $U(t)$ of unitary operators such that, at time 0, $U(0) = I$, and as time passes, $U(t)$ evolves smoothly (or piecewise smoothly) with time, until at time 1, it accomplishes some target unitary $U(1) = U$.

- ▶ Modelling unitary evolutions in our geometric picture
 - ▶ Task 1: Unitary evolutions of the codewords (states)
 - ▶ Task 2: Unitary evolutions of the QECC (subspaces)

“Dynamics” in the “big vector bundle”

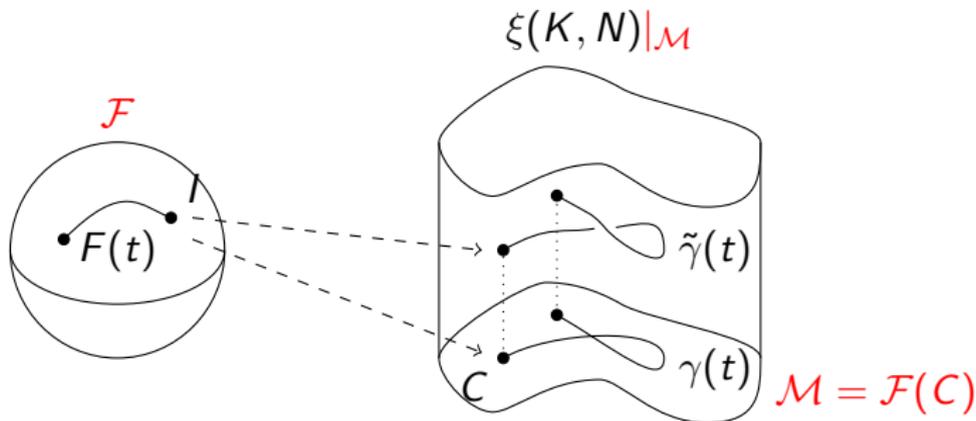
- ▶ Given a unitary evolution $U(t)$ and a code C , we obtain:
 - ▶ a path in the bundle (evolution of codewords)
 - ▶ a path in the base space (evolution of codes)



- ▶ Resembles a parallel transport/connection (*pre-connection*)
 - ▶ Problem: The lift $\tilde{\gamma}(t)$ of $\gamma(t)$ might not be unique.

Restricting bundle to $\mathcal{M} \subset \text{Gr}(K, N)$ and $\mathcal{F} \subset \mathcal{U}(N)$

Schematic illustration of the restrictions:



Conjecture (fault tolerance magic)

For appropriate restrictions (depending on FT protocol), $FT \Rightarrow$ the natural (proj.) pre-connection becomes an **flat (proj.) connection**.

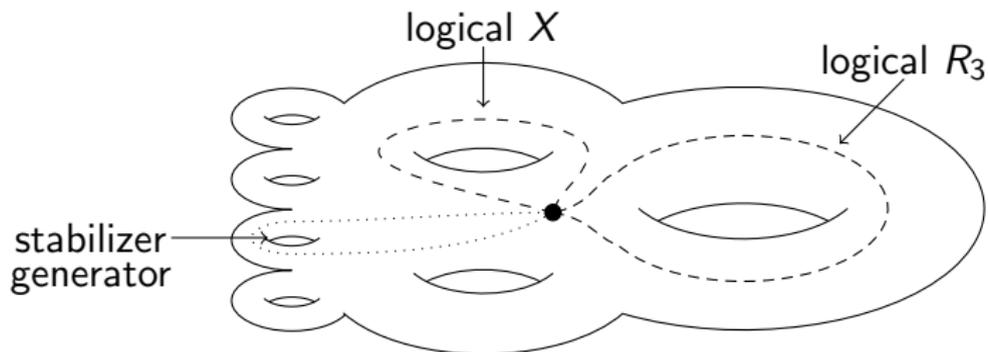
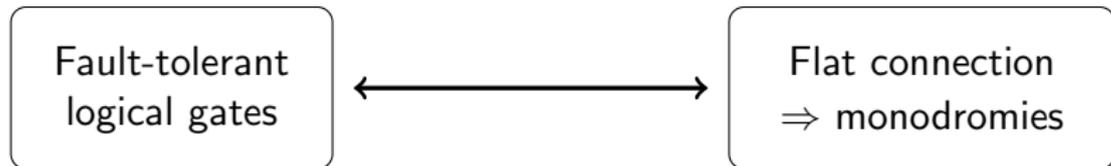
Examples: \mathcal{F} and \mathcal{M}

- ▶ Example 1: Distance ≥ 2 code with transversal gates
 - ▶ \mathcal{C} any code with distance ≥ 2 .
 - ▶ $\mathcal{F} = \{\text{Transversal gates}\} \subset \mathcal{U}(N)$
 - ▶ $\mathcal{M} = \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{C}) \subset \text{Gr}(K, N)$
 - ▶ Flatness results follow from arXiv:0811.4262 (Eastin and Knill)
- ▶ Example 2: Toric code with string operators

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathcal{F}_{\text{discr}} & \mathcal{F}_{\text{graph}} & \mathcal{F}_{\text{ext}} \\
 \begin{array}{c} \curvearrowright \\ \text{ } \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \curvearrowright \\ \text{ } \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \curvearrowright \\ \text{ } \end{array} \\
 \mathcal{C}_K^{HC, (n_v, n_f)} \subset \dot{\mathcal{M}} & \subset \mathcal{M} & \subset \text{Gr}(K, N)
 \end{array}$$

- ▶ $\mathcal{M} \cong$ defect configuration space (fixed number of defects, hardcore condition); **There is freedom in the choice of \mathcal{M} .**
- ▶ Flatness results in arXiv:1309.7062 (Gottesman and Zhang)

Corollary: Monodromy action



A cartoon of \mathcal{M} for single-block transversal gates for the 5-qubit code.

Summary and Future work

- ▶ Imperfection of the current conjecture:
 - ▶ Multiple valid choices of \mathcal{M} for the same protocol
 - ▶ Lacks concrete instructions to construct \mathcal{M}
- ▶ Improve conjecture: incorporate error model, propose *canonical* construction of \mathcal{M} for each fault-tolerant protocol.
 - ▶ Stricter correspondence between FT protocols (with error models etc.) and fibre bundles with flat (proj.) connection
 - ▶ Will enable us to read off new FT protocols from a “nice” bundle construction with flat (proj.) connection
 - ▶ Proof of improved conjecture
- ▶ Extend to *full* fault tolerance: e.g. ancilla constructions (appending extra degrees of freedom), measurements
- ▶ Other applications of the this geometric picture, e.g. TQFTs and topological phases
- ▶ Thank you!